

Direction: (1-10). which of the words/phrases 1, 2, 3 and 4 given below should replace the words/phrases given in bold in the following sentences to make it meaningful and grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is and 'No improvement required', mark 5 as the answer.

1. However recent **statements** by the nation's policy-makers indicate that the **perception** of this issue is changing. 'Brain bank' and not 'brain drain' is the more appropriate idea, they suggest since the **expertise** of Indians abroad is only **deposited** in other places and not lost.

1. Announcement, opinion, graduates, put
2. Declaration, acuity, students, placed
3. Report, belief, scholars, dropped
4. Assertion, discernment, learner, lifted
5. No correction required

2. Fort Ticonderoga was a small, **decrepit** British fort **preserved** by the British at the southern tip of Lake Champlain in upstate New York. It was a strategically **essential** fort in the French and Indian War, and was **recognized** then known as Fort Carillon.

1. Decaying, destroyed, significant, notorious
2. Feeble, retained, vital, identified
3. Dilapidated, maintained, important, known
4. Infirm, sustained, main, well – known
5. No correction required

3. Before the team was **named** the Cowboys, they were known as the Steers and then the Rangers. When the Cowboys' first **holder**, Clint Murchison Jr., finally **established** on the "Cowboys," he **engaged** Tom Landry as the team's first coach.

1. Described, vendor, developed, employed
2. Called, owner, settled, hired
3. Identified, possessor, completed, appointed
4. Entitled, carrier, recognized, selected
5. No correction required

4. Then, sacred dances representing the harvest would be **presented** for several hours within the sacred circle, a large pit that also **integrated** a fire lit with a sacred branch that was **strike** by lightning. The ceremony would end with various other dances and **services** including one in which the entire village danced around the sacred fire.

1. Executed, incorporated, smack, rites
2. Achieved, indulged, spank, habits
3. Made, involved, cuff, practices

4. Performed, included, struck, rituals
5. No correction required

5. The turning point in the war, however, **aroused** on July 1, 1863, when **Associate** and Union armies met at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. The battle that **resulted** was one of the bloodiest battles in American history. Eventually, Robert E. Lee's Army of Northern Virginia was **driven away** from Pennsylvania by Union general George Meade and his Army of the Potomac.

1. Transpired, accomplice, followed, driven in
2. Occurred, confederate, ensued, driven away
3. Happened, ally, developed, driven off
4. Taken place, co – conspirator, proceeded, driven through
5. No correction required

6. It was **expected** that banks would **take** advantage of the changing operational environment and improve their performance. Towards this end, the Reserve Bank of India **initiated** a host of measures for the **creation** on a competitive environment.

1. Anticipated, receive, started, formation
2. Estimated, acquire, begun, conception
3. Described, obtain, instigated, development
4. Projected, accept, established, configuration
5. No correction required

7. The King was soon joined by his troops and the children were still **deepen** in their game. The King **ordered**, "Cane them hard." The children's parents came running from the nearby village and said, "They are **green**, it was just a game, please grant them **forgive**."

1. Absorbed, swayed, immature, excuse
2. Immersed, commanded, naive, pardon
3. Engrossed, grasped, adolescent, reprieve
4. Wrapped up, controlled, youthful, amnesty
5. No correction required

8. While the strategy **appears** to improve GDP growth and, thereby, reduce fiscal deficit for revenue **resilience**, such a strategy is **burdened** with risks.

1. Seems, through, buoyancy, fraught
2. Looks, during, rigidity, filled
3. Employs, throughout, firmness, laden
4. Utilizes, from, insistence, loaded
5. No correction required

9. The railroad was not the first **organization** to **force** regularity on society, or to **illustrate** attention to the importance of **particular** timekeeping.

1. Association, strength, show, perfect
2. Society, entail, give, accurate
3. Institution, impose, draw, precise
4. Foundation, bring, provide, correct
5. No correction required

10. Academic writing is the skilful **elucidation** and explanation of the **dispute**, which the writer has carefully **examined** and developed over a **protracted** period of time.

1. Description, agreement, inspected, expanded
2. Clarification, harmony, observed, extended
3. Illumination, accord, studied, prolonged
4. Exposition, argument, researched, sustained
5. No correction required

Direction:(11-20) Pick out the most effective word from the choices.

11. Please ___ the lights before going to bed.

1. put off
2. put out
3. put on
4. put in

12. If the work men had not been tired, they _____ the work.

1. would have completed
2. would complete
3. will complete
4. will have completed

13. He ___ his father rather than his mother.

1. takes in
2. takes down
3. takes off
4. takes after

14. Sydney Carton , proposed to Lucio , but she ___ the offer of marriage .

1. turned down
2. turned off
3. turned on
4. turned out

15. A daily is a paper that _____ every day.

1. comes out
2. comes by
3. comes up
4. comes of

Direction:(16-20). Which of the words/phrases 1, 2, 3 and 4 given below should replace the words/phrases given in bold in the following sentences to make it meaningful and grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is and 'No correction is required', mark 5. as the answer.

16. When it was **frightened** that the serfs might go too far and **increase** their freedom from serfdom, the protestant leaders **united** the princes **at crushing** them.

1. Worried, rise, combined, into crushing
2. Feared, gain, joined, in crushing
3. Scared, swell, unified, without crushing
4. Terrified, enhance, integrated, while crushing
5. No improvement required

17. The **logic** of Berlin wall had already been **undermined** but when the news came **through** that the wall itself had been opened I **jumped** into a car.

1. Reason, subverted, during, leaped
2. Motive, threatened, for, hopped
3. Explanation, dispirited, in favor, dived
4. Details, deflated, in support, soared
5. No improvement required

18. It is the social process that **manages** the use and **request** of a technology which **decides** whether a particular technology **brings** more good than bad.

1. Controls, application, determines, delivers
2. Organizes, demand, chooses, conveys
3. Directs, purpose, prefers, fetches
4. Supervises, function, requires, obtains
5. No improvement required

19. **Caring** people **extend** a practical gospel that **underlined** hard work, temperance and **prudence** and the result was quite remarkable.

1. Solicitous, swell, accentuated, discretion
2. Kind, expand, high light, diplomacy
3. Attentive, broaden, bring out, carefulness
4. Thoughtful, spread, emphasized, frugality
5. No improvement required

20. The great Acharyas have said that, having **determined** a great goal, **give up** yourself to that goal and **work** towards it, drawing your **insight** from that goal whereby you will get a new column of energy.

1. Discovered, surrender, act, inspiration
2. Realized, capitulate, perform, motivation
3. Established, relent, operate, impulse
4. Created, cede, proceed, inclination
5. No improvement required

Direction:(21-25). Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits the meaning of the sentence as a whole.

21. Poor people simply refer to people living below the poverty line. ___we are still on the path of ___, there is large number of people living without basic needs.

1. as if, evolution 2. provided that, flowering
3. since, smirk 4. as, development
5. But , maturity.

22. Keeping the student's top of mind will help you ___the big mistake so many famous professor make, they deliver their lecture from their own___. Instead, you need to deliver your lecture from the perspective of the students whom you want to train.

1. avert , scene 2. stay , aspect
3. skip , objectivity 4. face , outlook
5. avoid , perspective

23. I and my daughter decided to work on same project ___conflicts of ideas ___her to relieve herself of this project and assets were sold.

1. through , drive 2. even if , manage
3. then , dissuade 4. by the time , with
5. but , let

24. Whenever I think ___to my childhood days, stories of my grandmother ___to my mind.

1. of, lewd 2. back, come
3. off, enter 4. after, elevate
5. back, approach

25. As a fresher, he decided to go to Delhi with Rs.1000 in hand, and landed ___at the export firm that dealt with brass, for a job. Soon he grew in ___and bought the same establishment that he worked for.

1. up, stature 2. by, status
3. to, impotence 4. in, position
5. out, rank

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1.5

Statements – a definite or clear expression of something in speech or writing.
Perception – the ability to see, hear, or become aware of something through the senses.
Expertise – expert skill or knowledge in a particular field.

Deposited – put or set down (something or someone) in a specific place.

2.3

Dilapidated – (of a building or object) in a state of disrepair or ruin as a result of age or neglect.
Maintained – provide with necessities for life or existence.

Important – of great significance or value; likely to have a profound effect on success, survival, or well-being.

Known – recognized, familiar, or within the scope of knowledge.

3.2

Called – give (an infant or animal) a specified name.

Owner – a person who owns something.

Settled – accept or agree to (something that one considers to be less than satisfactory).

Hired – employ (someone) for wages.

4.4

Performed – carry out, accomplish, or fulfill (an action, task, or function).

Included – contained as part of a whole being considered.

Struck – (of a disaster, disease, or other unwelcome phenomenon) occur suddenly and have harmful or damaging effects on.

Rituals – a religious or solemn ceremony consisting of a series of actions performed according to a prescribed order.

5.2

Occurred – happen; take place.

Confederate – joined by an agreement or treaty.

Ensued – happen or occur afterward or as a result.

Driven away – force to go away.

6.5

Expected – regard (something) as likely to happen.

Take – carry or bring with one; convey.

Initiated – cause (a process or action) to begin.

Creation – the action or process of bringing something into existence.

7.2

Immersed – involve oneself deeply in a particular activity or interest.

Commanded – give an authoritative order.

Naïve – (of a person or action) showing a lack of experience, wisdom, or judgment.

Pardon – the action of forgiving or being forgiven for an error or offense.

8.1

Seems – give the impression or sensation of being something or having a particular quality.

Through – by means of (a process or intermediate stage).

Buoyancy – a high level of activity in an economy or stock market.

Fraught – causing or affected by great anxiety or stress.

9.3

Institution – a society or organization founded for a religious, educational, social, or similar purpose.

Impose – force (something unwelcome or unfamiliar) to be accepted or put in place.

Draw – direct or attract (someone's attention) to something.

Precise – marked by exactness and accuracy of expression or detail.

10.4

Exposition – a comprehensive description and explanation of an idea or theory.

Argument – a summary of the subject matter of a book.

Researched – investigate systematically.

Sustained – continuing for an extended period or without interruption.

11.1 12.1 13.4 14.1 15.1 16.2 17.5
18.1 19.4 20.1 21.4 22.5 23.5 24.2
25.1

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