

Directions (1-5): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

A, D, F, G, K, I, N and O are sitting around a circular table but not facing the centre. Each of them likes a different colour, viz Red, Green, Blue, Pink, Yellow, White, Black and Grey, but not necessarily in the same order.

N sits third to the right of F. The person who likes Red sits second to the left of the one who likes Blue. O likes Blue, who sits exactly between F and A. The one who likes Black sits second to the right of D. The person who likes Yellow sits second to the right of the one who likes White. F sits third to the left of the one who likes Green. Neither I nor A is an immediate neighbour of D. I sits fourth to the left of A. D likes neither Pink nor Yellow. The person who likes Red sits second to the right of the one who likes Pink. G likes Red and is not an immediate neighbour of D.

1. Which of the following colours does D like?

- 1) Black 2) **Grey** 3) White
4) Red 5) None of these

2. Who among the following sits third to the left of A?

- 1) F 2) O 3) **G**
4) I 5) None of these

3. What is the position of O with respect to I?

- 1) Third to the left 2) Fourth to the left
3) Second to the right 4) **Third to the right**
5) Second to the left

4. How many persons sit between F and D?

- 1) None 2) Two 3) **Three**
4) Four 5) None of these

5. Which of the following combinations is correct?

- 1) K - White 2) F- Pink 3) D - Black
4) **A - Yellow** 5) None of these

Directions (6-10): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

J, K, L, M, N, O, P and Q are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square while four sit in the middle of each of the four sides, but not necessarily in the same order. The ones who sit at the four corners face the centre of the table while those who sit in the middle of the sides do not face the centre. Each of them works in a different bank, viz PNB, OBC, UBI, UCO,

SBI, BOI, BOB and BOM, but not necessarily in the same order.

• L sits third to the left of the one who works in BOM. The one who works in BOM does not face the centre. Only two persons sit between L and Q.

• The one who works in PNB sits on the immediate right of Q. The one who works in SBI sits second to the right of P. P is neither an immediate neighbor of Q nor of C. P does not work in BOM.

• Only one person sits between J and the one who works in SBI.

• M sits on the immediate left of the one who works in BOI. P does not work in BOI.

• N works in BOB. N is not an immediate neighbor of J.

• The one who works in OBC is an immediate neighbour of N.

• The one who works in UCO Bank is an immediate neighbour of O.

6. Who among the following sits diagonally opposite the one who works in PNB?

- 1) **The one who works in OBC** 2) M
3) J 4) The one who works in UBI
5) The one who works in UCO Bank

7. Who among the following represent the immediate neighbours of the one who works in SBI?

- 1) K, O 2) L, N 3) **K, N**
4) M, O 5) O, Q

8. Who among the following sits exactly between Q and K?

- 1) L 2) The one who works in OBC
3) The one who works in UBI 4) P 5) **J**

9. Which of the following statements is true regarding K?

- 1) K is one of the immediate neighbours of M.
2) The one who works in BOM is an immediate neighbour of K.
3) K sits second to the left of Q.
4) K works in BOB.
5) **K is an immediate neighbour of the one who works in PNB.**

10. What is the position of the one who works in BOI with respect to P?

- 1) Second to the left 2) Third to the right
3) Fourth to the left 4) Second to the right
5) **Third to the left**

Directions(11-15): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight people D, E, F, G, R, S, T and U are sitting around a square table facing the centre. Four people are sitting at the corners and four in the middle of the sides of the table. The ages of the ones sitting in the middle of the sides are multiples of 3 and that of those sitting at the corners are multiples of 7.

D sits second to the right of the 36 year old. One of the immediate neighbours of D is 28 years old. Only three people sit between E and the 28 year old. The age of the one who sits second to the left of E is less than 15 and also a multiple of 2. G is an immediate neighbour of the 51 year old. G is neither 14 nor 28 year old. Only one person sits between G and U (when counted from left or right). F is 27 years old. Only three people sit between F and T. The one who sits to the immediate left of S is 49 years old. G's age is less than 10 years. The difference between ages of G and D is 11.

11. How many people sit between T and the 51 year old, when counted from the left of T?

- (1) **One** (2) None (3) More than three
(4) **Two** (5) Three

12. How many people are younger than D?

- (1) Three (2) More than four (3) Four
(4) Two (5) **One**

13. Which of the following statements is true as per the given arrangement?

- (1) T is 51 years old.
(2) None of the given statements is true
(3) F is an immediate neighbour of U
(4) The differences of the ages of E and F is 8
(5) **T sits to the immediate right of the 7 year old.**

14. Who amongst the following is 14 years old?

- (1) None of the given options
(2) **R** (3) T (4) U (5) E

15. What is the age of D (in years)?

- (1) 48 (2) 15 (3) **18**
(4) 27 (5) 9

Directions (16-18): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons L, M, N, O, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circular area at equal distance between each other, but not necessarily in the same order. Some people face the centre while some face outside (i.e. in a direction opposite to the centre).

- O faces the centre. S sits third to the right of O. Only one person sits between S and L (either from left or right).
- P sits second to the left of L.
- R sits second to the right of N. N is not an immediate neighbour of S.
- Q sits to the immediate left of M. M and L face the same direction (i.e. M faces centre then L also faces the centre and vice-versa.)
- Immediate neighbours of Q face opposite directions (i.e., if one neighbour faces the centre then the other faces outside and vice-versa.)
- Immediate neighbours of O face opposite directions (i.e., if one neighbour faces the centre then the other faces outside and vice-versa.)
- Immediate neighbours of S face the same direction as S. (i.e., If S faces outside then both the immediate neighbours of S also face outside and vice-versa.)

16. What is M's position with respect to L?

- (1) Second to the right (2) Third to the left
(3) **Fourth to the right** (4) Second to the left
(5) Third to the right

17. Who amongst the following are immediate neighbours of O?

- (1) **P, M** (2) M, Q (3) R, M
(4) L, Q (5) L, N

18. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way, based on the given seating arrangement and so they form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- (1) P (2) **M** (3) S
(4) R (5) Q

Directions(19-23): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight friends Devi, Kamal, Meenakshi, Vinay, Bhaskar, Roshan, Raj and Akash are sitting around a circular table. Only four are facing towards centre. All these friends are neighbours in their residential areas. Consider the following information.

Bhaskar is facing away from the centre and he is second to the left of Vinay who has only one neighbour in residential plot.

Meenakshi is to the immediate right of Devi and Raj is second to the left of Devi. Meenakshi is third to the right of Raj.

The person who is facing Vinay is neighbour of both Bhaskar and Raj in residential plot.

The person who is facing Akash is at one of the ends of residential plots. The person who is facing Kamal is facing away from the centre and is

immediate left neighbour of Meenakshi who is either neighbour of Akash or Bhaskar in residential plot.

Akash is immediate left neighbour of Vinay in residential area. Raj is at either of the ends in residential plots.

Kamal is facing a person who faces away from the centre.

19. Who among the following is an immediate neighbour of Meenakshi in both the sitting arrangement and residential plot?

- (1) Devi (2) Bhaskar (3) **Akash**
(4) Raj (5) Vinay

20. Who among the following is sitting third to the right of Akash?

- (1) Kamal (2) Devi (3) Raj
(4) **Bhaskar** (5) Roshan

21. Who among the following is fourth to the left of Akash in the residential plots arrangement?

- (1) Roshan (2) **Bhaskar** (3) Devi
(4) Either Bhaskar or Devi (5) Either Devi or Roshan

22. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given seating arrangement and thus form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- (1) Devi-Akash (2) Akash - Bhaskar
(3) Raj - Akash (4) Vinay - Roshan
(5) **Kamal - Devi**

23. Who among the following is facing away from the centre and has his plot at one of the ends?

- (1) **Raj** (2) Devi (3) Bhaskar
(4) Vinay (5) Akash

Directions (24-28): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are seating around a circular table. Some of them are facing inside and others are facing outside. Opposite direction means if one is facing inside the centre, second one face outside the centre, and vice versa.

Three people are seating between F and D and both face opposite direction to each other. E is sitting second to right of both D and F, and face opposite direction as F faces. C is seating third to right of B, who is not opposite to B. G is neighbour of both E and D, and seating second to right of B, who is not a neighbour of B. O is third to left of A, who is third to right of both H and G. B faces towards the centre and is seating second to left of C.

24. If all the friends are seating according to alphabetical order in anticlockwise direction starting

from A. how many friends remain at same position (excluding A)?

- (1) One (2) **Two** (3) Three
(4) Four (5) None

25. If D interchanged his position with H and, F interchanged his position with G, who sits immediately right of H in new arrangement?

- (1) **G** (2) F (3) E
(4) A (5) None

26. Who is sitting third to the left of B?

- (1) H (2) C (3) **A**
(4) F (5) None

27. How many persons are facing away from the centre?

- (1) One (2) Two (3) More than three
(4) **Three** (5) None

28. Who among the following pairs are facing same direction and seating opposite to each other?

- (1) H, B (2) C, G (3) F, D
(4) E, A (5) **Both (1) and (2)**

Directions (29-30): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

There are two square fields of different size such that the larger one is surrounding smaller field. Four gates are there for each field in the middle of the sides. Eight people A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are standing at different gates but not necessarily in the same sequence. The persons who are on the sides of larger field facing centre and the persons who are at sides of smaller field facing outside such that inner sides persons and outer sides persons are facing each other. There is one person standing between B and D. C faces B. A is to the immediate right of C. G is not the immediate neighbour of D. G faces neither D nor F. One person is standing between H and F. E is facing the centre.

29. Which of the following persons are facing each other?

- (1) BD (2) EB (3) FH
(4) **DE** (4) AH

30. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the certain arrangement. Which one of the following does not belong to the group?

- (1) EF (2) CH (3) DA
(4) FC (5) **BH**

Directions (31-35): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

J, K, L, M, N, O, P and Q are sitting around a circular table at equal distance between each other, but not necessarily in the same order. Some of the persons are facing the centre while some are facing outward (ie, in a direction opposite to the centre).

NOTE: Same direction means that if one person is facing the centre then the other person is also facing the centre and if one person is facing outward then the other person is also facing outward.

Opposite direction means that if one person is facing the centre then the other person is facing outward and vice versa.

P faces the centre. N sits second to the right of P. K sits third to the left of N. N and K face opposite directions. The immediate neighbours of K face the centre. L sits second to the right of K. Q sits on the immediate left of L. J sits second to the left of M. M faces the same direction as K. M is not an immediate neighbour of P. The immediate neighbours of N face opposite directions (ie, if one neighbour faces the centre then the other neighbour faces outside and vice versa).

31. Who among the following sits third to the left of M?

- 1) Q 2) O 3) L
4) J 5) P

32. Who sits second to the right of J?

- 1) P 2) N 3) L
4) K 5) Q

33. Which of the following is true regarding 'O' as per the given seating arrangement?

- 1) Q is one of the immediate neighbours.
2) O sits third to the right of N.
3) O faces the centre.
4) Only two persons sit between O and P.
5) Only one person sits between O and J.

34. What is K's position with respect to M?

- 1) Second to the left 2) **Second to the right**
3) Third to the right 4) Third to the left
5) Fourth to the left

35. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which of the following does not belong to that group?

- 1) M 2) Q 3) J
4) P 5) K

Directions (36-40): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Four boys Pratik, Mohan, Sunil and Raju and four girls Priya, Riya, Madhu and Geeta are sitting around a circular table. Two girls and two boys are not facing the centre. No three girls are sitting together.

Sunil sits second to the left of Riya, who is not an immediate neighbour of Mohan. Priya sits third to the left of Geeta and one of them is not facing the centre. Pratik sits third to the right of Mohan, who is facing the centre. Madhu and Raju face each other and neither is immediate neighbour of Mohan or Geeta.

36. Who among the following sits between Mohan and Raju?

- 1) Geeta 2) **Sunil** 3) Priya
4) Madhu 5) None of these

37. How many boys sit between Riya and Priya when counted from the left of Priya?

- 1) One 2) Two 3) **Three**
4) Can't be determined 5) None of these

38. Which of the following statements is true?

- 1) Geeta does not face the centre.
2) Raju sits exactly between Riya and Pratik.
3) Mohan sits on the immediate left of Sunil
4) Riya and Priya face the centre. 5) None is true

39. Who among the following sits third to the left of Pratik?

- 1) Sunil 2) Riya 3) Mohan
4) Raju 5) None of these

40. Who among the following sits on the immediate right of the one who sits second to the right of Madhu?

- 1) Pratik 2) **Riya** 3) Raju
4) Priya 5) None of these

Directions (41-45): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are members of a family and are sitting around a circular table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order. Four of them are males and four are females, There are three married couples (three husbands, three wives), two daughters and two sons in the family. Each member of the family likes different fruits, viz, Mango, Orange, Guava, Papaya, Grapes, Apple, Banana and Apricot but not necessarily in the same order,

No male likes Guava, H likes Grapes and is married to the one who likes Apple. A is father of C and F, who is a male and likes Apple. Both A and B are not immediate neighbours of each other. All females sit together. D likes Apricot and sits second to the left of her father. D is daughter of C. who sits second to the right of her son. The one who likes Banana is married to the one who likes Papaya and neither A nor B likes Papaya. E likes Guava and sits exactly between the one who likes Orange and the one who likes Banana, G is father of B and sits exactly between two male members F is not married to B.

41. How is F related to B?

- 1) Mother 2) Father **3) Maternal Uncle**
4) Grandfather 5) None of these

42. Which of the following fruits does A like?

- 1) Apricot 2) Apple 3) Orange
4) Mango 5) None of these

43. Which of the following combinations is not correct?

- 1) G - Papaya 2) B - Orange 3) E - Guava
4) A - Banana 5) None of these

44. Who among the following likes Papaya?

- 1) A 2) B 3) C
4) G 5) None of these

45 Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group, Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) Orange** 2) Banana 3) Grapes
4) Guava 5) Apricot

Directions (Q. 46-50): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Ten friends L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T and U are sitting around a rectangular table in such a way that four of them sit at the corners, two each on the longer sides and one each on the smaller sides of the rectangle but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing the centre while some of them are not facing the centre. Not more than two friends sitting together face the same direction. Each person likes a different colour, viz Red, Blue, Green, Black, Yellow, White, Pink, Orange, Grey and Brown but not necessarily in the same order.

P sits on the immediate left of O but is not an immediate neighbour of N. L and P both face the same direction. The one who likes Black sits on the immediate left of the one who likes Orange. O and R sit diagonally opposite and face opposite directions. S

likes neither Orange nor Blue. The one who likes Yellow sits on the immediate right of U, who likes Green. Five of them face the same direction. The one who likes Orange sits second to the left of N. Only two among the four sitting on the corners are not facing the centre. S and O are sitting respectively on the immediate left and third to the left of T. L sits at one of the smaller sides and third to the right of Q.

O likes Grey and sits third to the left of the one who likes Pink. T sits on the immediate right of the one who likes Blue. P likes Brown and sits second to the left of the one who likes White. U is not an immediate neighbour of L, M or Q. U sits on the immediate right of N, who is not facing the centre. U is one of the four friends who sit at the corners.

46. Who among the following likes Red?

- 1) L 2) T **3) S**
4) N 5) None of these

47. Who among the following sits third to the left of the one who likes Orange?

- 1) The one who likes Yellow 2) M
3) The one who likes Green 4) Q
5) The one who likes Brown

48. What is the position of O with respect to L?

- 1) Immediate right **2) Fourth to the right**
3) Second to the right 4) Can't be determined
5) Fourth to the left

49. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) P 2) S 3) L
4) O 5) U

50. Who among the following sits opposite S?

- 1) The one who likes Green
2) The one who likes Yellow
3) The one who likes Black
4) The one who likes Grey 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 51-56): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight friends I, J, K, L, M, N, P and Q are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. They were born in different years, viz 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986 and 1987, but not necessarily in the same order.

K was born in 1986 and he sits third to the left of M. The persons who were born in 1985 and 1983 are immediate neighbours of each other but both of them are not neighbours of either M or K. The

persons who were born in 1981 and 1987 are immediate neighbours of each other. Neither M nor L was born in 1987. The one who was born in 1983 sits on the immediate left of J, who was born in 1982. I was born in 1981 but he is not an immediate neighbour of the one who was born in 1986. Only N sits between the persons who were born in 1983 and 1980 respectively. P sits third to the left of the one who was born in 1987.

51. Who was born in 1984?

- 1) Q 2) **M** 3) N
4) Can't be determined 5) None of these

52. How many persons are there between the ones who were born in 1986 and 1980?

- 1) Two 2) **Three** 3) Four
4) One 5) None of these

53. What is the difference between the ages of M and J?

- 1) 4years 2) **2years** 3) 6 years
4) Can't be determined 5) None of these

54. Who among the following sits exactly between Q and J?

- 1) The one who was born in 1984
2) The one who was born in 1985
3) **K**
4) Can't be determined
5) None of these

55. In which of the following years was P born?

- 1) 1984 2) **1983** 3) 1980
4) 1981 5) None of these

56. Which of the following pairs represent the immediate neighbours of the one who was born in 1981?

- 1) **Q, M** 2) M, L 3) K, Q
4) P, N 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 57-61): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Abhishek, Vineet, Chintu, Deepah, Raju, Amit, Gurmeet and Harsh are sitting around a circular area at equal distances from their neighbours but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing the centre while some of them are facing outward (ie in a direction opposite the centre.)

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person is facing the centre then the other also faces the centre and if one is facing outward then the other also faces outward.

Facing the opposite directions means if one person is facing the centre then the other is facing outside and vice versa.

Deepak sits third to the right of Vineet. Raju sits second to the left of Vineet. The immediate neighbours of Vineet face the same direction. Chintu sits second to the left of Raju. Raju faces the centre. Amit sits third to the right of Chintu. Gurmeet sits second to the left of Harsh. Harsh is not an immediate neighbour of Vineet. Gurmeet faces the same direction as Deepak. The immediate neighbours of Raju face opposite directions. The immediate neighbours of Amit face opposite directions.

57. Who sits second to the left of Gurmeet?

- 1) The one who sits on the immediate left of Amit
2) **The one who sits second to the right of Deepak**
3) The one who sits on the immediate right of Chintu
4) The one who sits exactly between Raju and vineet
5) None of these

58. What is the position of Raju with respect to Harsh?

- 1) Immediate right 2) Second to the left
3) Second to the right 4) **Immediate left**
5) Third to the right

59. Which of the following is true regarding Abhishek as per the given arrangement?

- 1) Harsh sits second to the left of Abhishek
2) **Abhishek faces outward**
3) Only two persons sit between vineet and Abhishek
4) Chintu is one of the immediate neighbours of Abhishek
5) Only three persons sit between Abhishek and Gurmeet

60. How many persons in the given arrangement face the centre?

1. None 2. Two 3. Three
4. Four 5. **More than four**

61. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given seating arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

1. Gurmeet 2. Vineet 3. Deepak
4. **Harsh** 5. Amit

Directions (Q. 62-65): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a circular table facing the centre, but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them likes

a different fast food, viz, Noodles, Idli, Dosa, Pizza, Burger, Sandwich, Pasta and Uttapam but not necessarily in the same order.

P sits third to the right of the one who likes Uttapam. Only two persons sit between W and the one who likes Uttapam. The one who likes Burger and the one who likes Idli are immediate neighbours. Neither P nor Q likes Burger or Pasta. The one who likes Burger is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Uttapam. The one who likes Noodles sits second to the left of T, who is not an immediate neighbour of W. The one who likes Noodles is an immediate neighbour of U. The one who likes Noodles is an immediate neighbour of both the one who likes Sandwich and the one who likes Pasta.

The one who likes Pasta sits third to the right of Q. R sits on the immediate right of the one who likes Dosa. U is not an immediate neighbour of P. V is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Noodles. The one who likes Dosa sits opposite P, who is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Idli. Q sits second to the left of P, who does not like Idli. S likes Pasta.

62. How many persons are there between W and the one who likes Idli?

- 1) None 2) Two 3) **Three**
4) One 5) More than three

63. Who among the following are the immediate neighbours of the one who likes Pizza?

- 1) S, W 2) **V, S** 3) W, Q
4) U, V 5) T, P

64. Which of the following statements is/are true?

- 1) W likes Pasta. 2) Q sits second to the right of U.
3) P likes Uttapam.
4) **V sits second to the left of the one who likes Pasta.**
5) None of these

65. Which of the following fast foods does Q like?

- 1) **Idli** 2) Dosa 3) Burger
4) Noodles 5) Sandwich

66. Who among the following sits third to the left of the one who likes Dosa?

- 1) The one who likes Pizza
2) The one who sits on the immediate left of P
3) The one who likes Idli
4) **The one who-likes Pasta**
5) None of these

Directions (Q.67-71): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a circle facing the centre, but not necessarily in the same order.

Q sits second to the left of W's husband. No female is an immediate neighbour of Q. S's daughter sits second to the right of U. U is sister of V. U is not an immediate neighbour of W's husband. Only one person sits between P and U. P is father of V. W's brother S sits on the immediate left of W's mother. Only one person sits between W's mother and T. Only one person sits between W and V. V is mother of R. V is not an immediate neighbour of T.

67. What is the position of P with respect to his mother-in-law?

- 1) Immediate left 2) Third to the right
3) Third to the left 4) **Second to the right**
5) Fourth to the left

68. Who amongst the following is S's daughter?

- 1) Q 2) R 3) **T**
4) V 5) W

69. What is the position of P with respect to his grandchild?

- 1) **Immediate right** 2) Third to the right
3) Third to the left 4) Second to the left
5) Fourth to the left

70. How many persons are there between V and her mother when counted from V in clockwise direction?

- 1) One 2) Two 3) Three
4) Four 5) **More than four**

71. Which of the following is true with respect to the given seating arrangement?

- 1) R is cousin of T.
2) W and W's husband are immediate neighbours of each other.
3) No female is an immediate neighbour of R.
4) W sits third to the left of her daughter.
5) **Q sits third to the right of her daughter.**

Directions (Q. 72-76): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons L, M, N, O, P, Q, R and S are sitting around a circular table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them likes a different colour, viz Red, Green, Blue, Black, White, Yellow, Pink and Orange.

L sits third to the right of the one who likes Orange. Only two persons sit between the one who likes Orange and S. The one who likes White and the one who likes Green are immediate neighbours of each other. Neither L nor S likes White or Green. The

one who likes White is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Orange. The one who likes Red sits second to the left of P, who is not an immediate neighbour of S. The one who likes Red is an immediate neighbour of F the persons who like Yellow and Pink. The one who likes Pink sits third to the right of M. M does not like White. N sits on the immediate right of the one who likes Blue. L does not like Blue. Q is not an immediate neighbour of L. R is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Red.

72. Which of the following statements is true?

- 1) The one who likes Yellow is an immediate neighbour of R.
- 2) The one who likes Blue sits on the immediate left of the one who likes Orange.**
- 3) The one who likes Yellow and the one who likes Green are immediate neighbours of each other.
- 4) R sits second to the right of O.
- 5) The one who likes Yellow sits second to the left of O

73. Who among the following sits 3rd to the left of P?

- 1) The one who likes Red
- 2) The one who likes White
- 3) The one who likes Orange
- 4) The one who likes Pink**
- 5) The one who likes Yellow

74. Who among the following likes Black?

- 1) L** 2) N 3) S
- 4) R 5) O

75. Which of the following colours does M like?

- 1) Blue 2) Red **3) Green**
- 4) White 5) Pink

76. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given arrangement and thus form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) Q - Blue 2) R - Black 3) O - Red
- 4) M - Orange** 5) L - Pink

Directions (Q. 77-81): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circle but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing the centre while some of them are not facing the centre. Each of them belongs to a different state viz, Delhi, Haryana, Punjab, Assam, Odisha, Goa, Bihar and Rajasthan but not necessarily in the same order.

The one who belongs to Assam sits opposite the one who belongs to Bihar. C sits second to the left of the one who belongs to Assam. C does not belong to Goa. The one who belongs to Goa sits third to the left of the one who belongs to Odisha. There sits only one person exactly between the one who belongs to Goa and the one who belongs to Bihar. There are only three persons between C and H. A sits second to the left of H. A does not belong to Assam. F sits third to the left of A. F belongs to Odisha. Only two persons sit between the one who belongs to Assam and the one who belongs to Rajasthan. Only three persons sit between D and E. Neither E nor D belongs to Rajasthan. There is only one person between B and D. C sits third to the left of B. G sits third to the left of D. The one who belongs to Punjab sits opposite E. The one who belongs to Haryana and the one who belongs to Punjab are not immediate neighbours of each other. E sits third to the right of C and both face the same direction. The one who belongs to Rajasthan faces the centre. H belongs to Goa.

77. What is the position of E with respect to the one who belongs to Odisha?

- 1) Second to the right 2) Third to the right
- 3) Second to the left** 4) Third to the left
- 5) None of these

78. How many persons face the centre?

- 1) None **2) Five** 3) Three
- 4) Two 5) None of these

79. Which of the following statements is not true?

- 1) G belongs to Assam.
- 2) F sits third to the left of A.
- 3) B is an immediate neighbour of H.
- 4) A belongs to Bihar. **5) All are true**

80. How many persons sit between D and the one who belongs to Goa, if counted in CW direction from D?

- 1) None 2) One 3) Three
- 4) Four** 5) Two

81. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) D **2) C** 3) H
- 4) B 5) A

Directions (Q. 82-86): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circle but not necessarily in the same

order. Some of them are facing the centre while some of them are not facing the centre. None of them sits in alphabetical order (ie A does not sit adjacent to B and B does not sit adjacent to C or A). Also, not more than two adjacent persons face the same direction. The number of persons facing the centre and that not facing the centre are equal.

Each of them likes a different animal viz Elephant, Lion, Tiger, Giraffe, Buffalo, Camel, Bear and Butterfly but not necessarily in the same order.

C sits second to the right of F. There are only two persons between A and B. A faces the centre. A and C are immediate neighbours of each other. A does not like Bear. The one who likes Camel sits second to the left of C. C does not sit opposite B. There sit only two persons between A and the one who likes Camel. There are only three persons sitting between D, who does not like Tiger, and the one who likes Lion. E sits second to the right of D. The one who likes Giraffe sits third to the right of the one who likes Bear. Neither the one who likes Giraffe nor the one who likes Bear is an immediate neighbour of either the one who likes Camel or the one who likes Lion. The one who likes Elephant sits third to the left of the one who likes Tiger. There sit only two persons between G and the one who likes Buffalo. B and G are not facing the same direction. The one who likes Butterfly sits second to the left of the one who likes Elephant. Both the immediate neighbours of the one who likes Elephant face the same direction. C likes Tiger. H faces the centre and sits third to the left of A.

82. Who among the following sits second to the right of the one who likes Giraffe?

- 1) G 2) C 3) B
4) D 5) None of these

83. How many persons sit between B and the one who likes Butterfly if counted in clockwise direction from B?

- 1) One 2) Two 3) Three
4) None 5) **Four**

84. Which of the following statements is not true?

- 1) Only one person sits between A and the one who likes Butterfly.
2) B sits opposite the one who likes Buffalo.
3) H likes Bear.
4) **D sits on the immediate right of the one who likes Buffalo.** 5) All are true

85. What is the position of G with respect to the one who likes Elephant?

- 1) Third to the left 2) Second to the left
3) **Second to the right** 4) Third to the right
5) None of these

86. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) E 2) G 3) **B**
4) D 5) C

Directions (Q. 87-91): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons J, K, L, M, N, O, P and Q are sitting around a rectangular table in such a way that two of them sit on each side of the rectangle and all of them are facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them likes a different fruit, viz Mango, Guava, Papaya, Orange, Banana, Apple, Grapes and Litchi but not necessarily in the same order. None of them sits in alphabetical order, ie J does not sit just beside K and K does not sit just beside L and so on.

J sits third to left of P, who likes Litchi. Only one person sits between J and L. The one who likes Papaya sits second to the right of L. Only one person sits between J and Q. Only one person sits between K and O, who likes Banana. The persons who like Mango and Grapes sit on the same side of the rectangle. N likes neither Mango nor Grapes. Only three persons sit between the one who likes Orange and the one who likes Mango. L does not like Orange. The one who likes Guava does not sit just beside O.

87. Who among the following sits third to the left of K?

- 1) N 2) J 3) **L**
4) Q 5) K

88. Who among the following sits opposite the one who likes Banana?

- 1) J 2) **M** 3) L
4) N 5) K

89. Who among the following likes Papaya?

- 1) N 2) K 3) L
4) **M** 5) J

90. Which of the following statements is true?

- 1) The one who likes Mango sits on the immediate left of O.
2) Only two persons sit between J and Q.
3) **K sits opposite the one who likes Guava.**
4) P is not an immediate neighbour of L.
5) None is true

91. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) Mango-Q 2) Grapes-O 3) Orange-L
4) **Papaya-P** 5) Litchi-M

Directions (Q. 92-96): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Ten persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X and Y are sitting around a rectangular table in such a way that four of them sit at the corners, two each on the longer sides and one each on the smaller sides but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing the centre while some of them are not facing the centre. Not more than two persons sitting together face the same direction. Each of them is born in different months, viz January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September and October but not necessarily in the same order.

The one who was born in September sits on the immediate right of X, who was born in July. The one who was born in June sits second to the left of R. T sits on the immediate left of S and is not an immediate neighbour of R. P and T face the same direction. X is not an immediate neighbour of P, Q or U but sits on the immediate right of R, who is not facing the centre. The one who was born in May sits on the immediate left of the one who was born in June. S and V sit diagonally and face the opposite directions (ie if one is facing the centre then the other is facing outward). Only two among the four sitting at the corners face the centre. W and S are sitting on the immediate left and third to the left of Y respectively. P sits on one of the smaller sides and third to the right of U. S was born in March and sits third to the left of the one who was born in October. Y sits on the immediate right of the one who was born in August. T was born in April and sits second to the left of the one who was born in February. One of the four persons who sit at the corners is X.

92. Who among the following was born in May?

- 1) U 2) R 3) **Q**
4) P 5) Y

93. Who among the following sits second to the right of the one who was born in June?

- 1) W 2) **Y** 3) P
4) X 5) None of these

94. What is the position of S with respect to Q?

- 1) Third to the left 2) Second to the right
3) Fourth to the left 4) **Fourth to the right**
5) Third to the right

95. Which of the following statements is true?

- 1) Only three persons sit between Y and X.
2) P sits opposite U.
3) Rand T face the same direction.
4) X sits exactly between T and V. 5) **None is true**

96. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

- 1) January - Y 2) September - Q 3) July - T
4) February-S 5) **June - P**

Directions (Q. 97-101): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons Ritesh, Kundan, Pratyush, Deepak, Ajay, Sujit, Mohit and Sachin are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. Each of them likes a different fast food, viz Pizza, Burger, Noodles, Paneer, Dosa, Idli, Sandwich and Uthappam but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them belongs to a different State. Viz UP, MP, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Goa, Gujarat and Bihar but not necessarily in the same order.

Sachin faces the one who belongs to UP. The one who likes Burger does not belong to MR. The one who likes Pizza sits third to the left of Deepak. Mohit does not like Pizza. The one who belongs to Gujarat sits on the immediate left of the one who belongs to Bihar. The one who likes Dosa and the one who likes Uthappam are not immediate neighbours. The one who likes Noodles sits on the immediate left of Mohit. Neither Ritesh nor Sujit likes Pizza or Uthappam. Ritesh and Deepak are not immediate neighbours. The one who belongs to Tamil Nadu sits exactly between the one who belongs to Karnataka and the one who belongs to Bihar. Ajay sits second to the right of the one who likes Dosa. Ajay is an immediate neighbour of both Kundan and Pratyush. Pratyush sits third to the left of the one who likes Burger. Ritesh does not like Burger. The one who likes Pizza and the one who likes Idli are not immediate neighbours. Ajay is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Sandwich. Only two persons sit between Deepak and the one who likes Uthappam. Ritesh and Sujit are immediate neighbours. Pratyush faces the one who belongs to Kerala. The one who likes Sandwich does not belong to either Karnataka or Tamil Nadu. Deepak likes Noodles and sits on the immediate left of the one who likes Dosa.

97. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which of the following does not belong to that group?

- 1) Mohit- Pizza
- 2) Sachin - Dosa
- 3) Ajay- Burger
- 4) Pratyush - Idli
- 5) Sujit- Uthappam

98. Which of the following combinations is true?

- 1) Deepak-Dosa-Kerala
- 2) Sachin-Pizza-Bihar
- 3) Ritesh-Sandwich-MP
- 4) Mohit-Paneer-UP
- 5) Kundan-Idli-Tamil Nadu

99. Which of the following statements is not true?

- 1) Pratyush and Ajay are immediate neighbours.
- 2) The one who likes Pizza sits on the immediate left of Ritesh.
- 3) Sujit sits opposite the one who likes Uthappam.
- 4) The one who likes Burger belongs to Karnataka.
- 5) All are true

100. Which of the following belongs to Tamil Nadu?

- 1) The one who likes Noodles
- 2) The one who likes Sandwich
- 3) The one who likes Paneer
- 4) The one who likes Dosa
- 5) None of these

101. What is the position of the one who likes Uthappam with respect to the one who belongs to Karnataka?

- 1) Second to the right
- 2) Second to the left
- 3) Third to the left
- 4) Immediate right
- 5) None of these

Directions (Q. 102-106): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are eight members of a family. There are three generations in the family and there are three married couples. Each of the family members likes a different sport, viz Hockey, Football, Cricket, Kabaddi, Tennis, Badminton, Volleyball and Rugby but not necessarily in the same order. Each of them works in a different organisation, viz BEL, NTPC, GAIL, BHEL, ONGC, NIC, IOCL and BPCL but not necessarily in the same order. Every night for dinner, seven persons sit around a circular table and one person sits on another single table. All members sitting around the circular table face the centre.

V sits second to the right of the one who works in BPCL. S is the father of W's father. W's father does not work in BEL. U's grandson works in IOCL. Either W or S likes Football. Either V or U likes Badminton. Q has only one child. The one who works in BEL and the one who works in

NIC are not immediate neighbours. Either R or P's father-in-law likes Hockey. Neither V nor T's son likes Kabaddi. T is sister-in-law of Q. The one who works in BHEL sits on the immediate right of the one who works in NIC. U's daughter-in-law likes Rugby. Either Q or T likes Cricket. The number of persons between P and W's father counted in anticlockwise direction from P is equal to the number of persons between P and the one who works in ONGC counted in clockwise direction from P. P is the son-in-law of S. The one who works in GAIL sits second to the left of the one who works in NIC. W is U's grandson. Either P or U likes Tennis. Neither W's uncle nor S likes Kabaddi. The one who works in NTPC sits on the immediate left of Q's father, who is not P. P is an immediate neighbour of S and U. R likes neither Kabaddi nor Volleyball. P and Q are a married couple. Q is a female. S's son sits on the immediate left of T, who works in ONGC. R is granddaughter of U. The one who works in NTPC and the one who works in BHEL are not immediate neighbours. W does not like Volleyball. R is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Kabaddi.

102. Who likes Volleyball?

- 1) The husband of Q
- 2) The father of Q
- 3) The daughter of P
- 4) Can't be determined
- 5) None of these

103. Which of the following statements is true?

- 1) P's daughter sits on the immediate right of P.
- 2) Q's husband sits third to the right of S.
- 3) U sits second to the right of her husband.
- 4) W and Q are immediate neighbours.
- 5) None of these

104. Which of the following combinations is/are not true?

- 1) W - IOCL - Male - Football
- 2) S - BEL - Male - Tennis
- 3) Q - NIC Female - Cricket
- 4) R - ONGC - Female - Hockey
- 5) Both 2) and 4)

105. How many persons sit between T's mother-in-law and Q's brother if counted in anticlockwise direction from T's mother-in-law?

- 1) One
- 2) None
- 3) Two
- 4) Three
- 5) None of these

106. What is the position of P with respect to his wife?

- 1) Second to the right
- 2) Second to the left
- 3) Third to the left
- 4) Third to the right
- 5) None of these –

Directions (Q. 107-110): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons A,B,C,D,E,F,G and H around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at the corners of the square table while the other four sit in the middle of each of the four sides. Those who sit at the four corners are facing the centre while those who are sitting at the middle of the sides are facing outward.

Each of them likes a different subject, viz, Maths, Physics, Chemistry, Geography, Civics, history, Hindi and English but not necessarily in the same order. H sits second to the right of the one who likes English. The one who likes English is facing outward. E is sitting third to the left of the one who likes Physics. The one who likes Physics is not the immediate neighbour of H or the one who likes Maths. Only one person sits between D and the one who likes Chemistry. G likes History and he is not an immediate neighbour of A. C does not like Hindi and he is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Physics. B likes Physics and he is an immediate neighbour of F. C does not like English and he is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Geography. F sits on the immediate left of the one who likes Hindi, The one who likes Hindi is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Maths. The one who likes Chemistry and the one who likes Geography are immediate neighbours of each other. The one who likes Geography is not an immediate neighbour of the one who likes English. D does not like Hindi. A is facing the centre.

107. What is the position of C with respect to the one who likes History?

- 1) Third to the left
- 2) Second to the right
- 3) Third to the right
- 4) On the immediate left
- 5) On the immediate right

108. Which of the following statements is true?

- 1) Only two persons sit between C and the one who likes Maths.
- 2) The one who likes Geography sits on the immediate right of A.
- 3) The one who likes Physics is facing outward.
- 4) E sits second to the right of the one who likes Hindi.
- 5) None of these

109. Who among the following represent the immediate neighbours of the one who likes Civics?

- 1) A and the one who likes History
- 2) The one who likes Physics and the one who likes Hindi
- 3) G and the one who likes Physics
- 4) The one who likes English and H
- 5) None

110. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to the group?

- 1) Chemistry – D
- 2) Physics – A
- 3) Maths - B
- 4) Geography – E
- 5) Civics - G

Directions (Q. 111-115): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Twelve persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K and L are sitting around a rectangular table in such a way that four of them sit at the corners and two persons on each side of the rectangular table but not necessarily in the same order. Some of them are facing the centre and others are facing outward. Each of them belongs to a different state, viz MP, Haryana, UP, Maharashtra, Jharkhand, Bihar, Tripura, Punjab, Rajasthan, Assam, Odisha and West Bengal, but not necessarily- in the same order.

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person is facing the centre then the other is also facing the centre and if one person is facing outward then the other is also facing outward. Facing opposite directions means if one person is facing the centre then the other is facing outward and vice versa.

B belongs to Punjab and sits fourth to the left of the one who belongs to Jharkhand. B and G face the same direction and sit opposite each other. D belongs to Maharashtra and sits exactly between I and K. Those who belong to UP and Bihar sit diagonally opposite each other and A do not belong to UP. C sits third to the right of the one who belongs to UP. C sits at a corner and faces outward. J sits third to the right of C. Only three persons sit between J and the one who belongs to Jharkhand. A belongs to Odisha and sits opposite the one who belongs to Jharkhand. G belongs neither to Rajasthan nor to West Bengal. The one who belongs to Odisha sits second to the right of G. Only two persons sit between G and H. E belongs to MP and sits third to the right of B. Land K are facing opposite directions. The one who belongs to Tripura sits fourth to the left of the one who belongs to Odisha. C and D are facing the same direction. D does not sit on any side of the rectangular table. F and J face opposite directions. K belongs to Assam and sits opposite L. B sits on the immediate left of L. The one who belongs to Rajasthan sits on the immediate right of H. I faces the centre. H and E face opposite directions.

111. How many persons sit between D and the one who belongs to Rajasthan?

- 1) One
- 2) Two
- 3) Five
- 4) Four
- 5) None of these

112. Which of the following statements is/are NOT TRUE?

- 1) The one who belongs to Bihar sits opposite the one who belongs to UP.
- 3) Punjab K
- 2) H and the one who belongs to MP face opposite directions.
- 3) The one who belongs to Assam sits third to the right of A.
- 4) All are true
- 5) None of these

113. What is the position of H with respect to the one who belongs to Jharkhand?

- 1) Fifth to the right
- 2) Sixth to the left
- 3) Sixth to the right
- 4) Fifth to the left
- 5) Both 2) and 3)

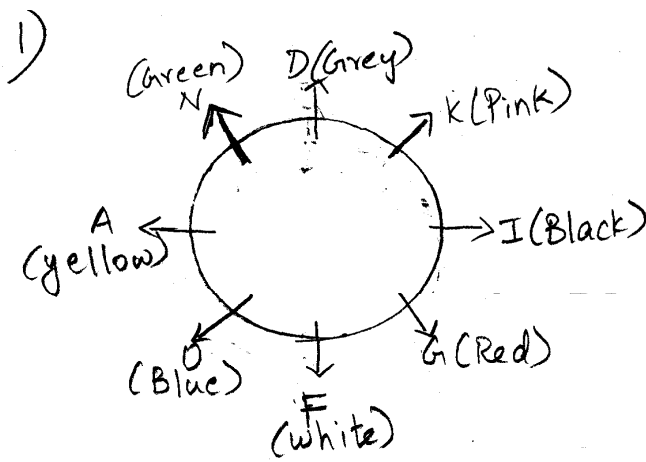
114. Four of the following five arc alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to the group?

- 1) Rajasthan - D
- 2) MP - H
- 3) Punjab - K
- 4) Odisha - I
- 5) Assam - L

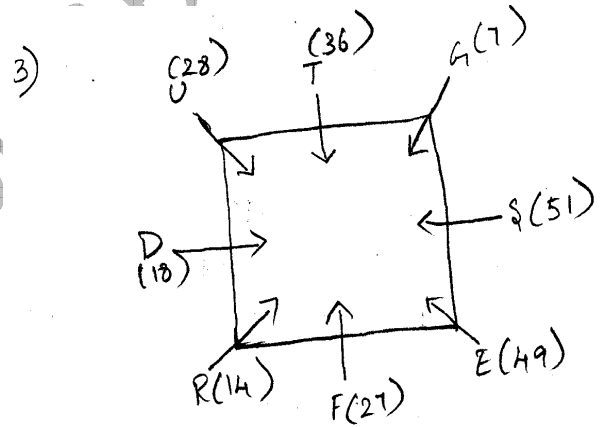
115. Who among the following are the immediate neighbours of A?

- 1) J, G
- 2) J, H
- 3) H, K
- 4) K, G
- 5) G, C

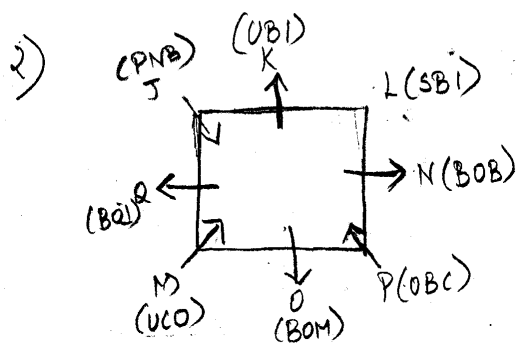
MARUTHI SCHOOL OF BANKING (MSB)
REASONING-SEATING-(NEW PATTERN) SOLUTIONS



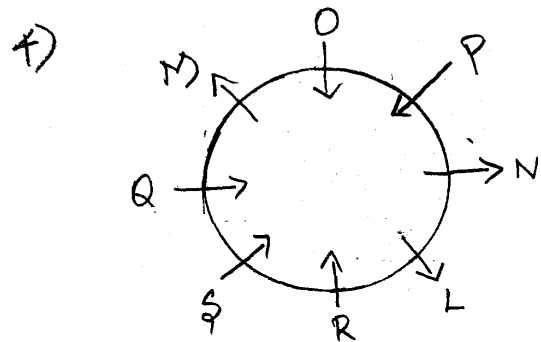
- 1) 2
- 2) 3
- 3) 4
- 4) 3
- 5) 4



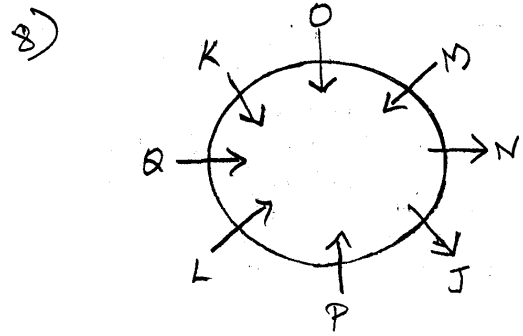
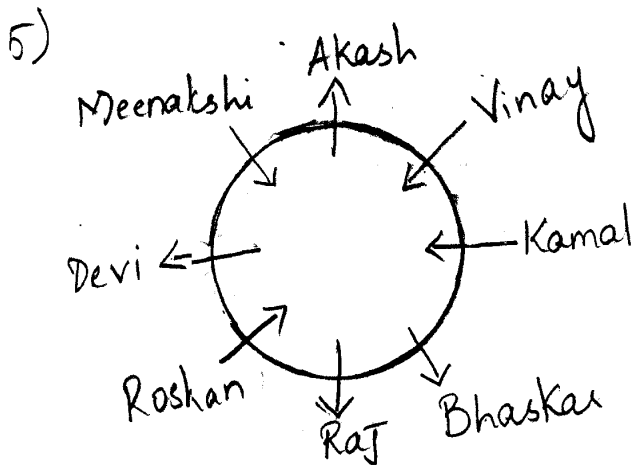
- 11) 1
- 12) 4
- 13) 5
- 14) 2
- 15) 3



- 6) 1
- 7) 3
- 8) 5
- 9) 5
- 10) 5

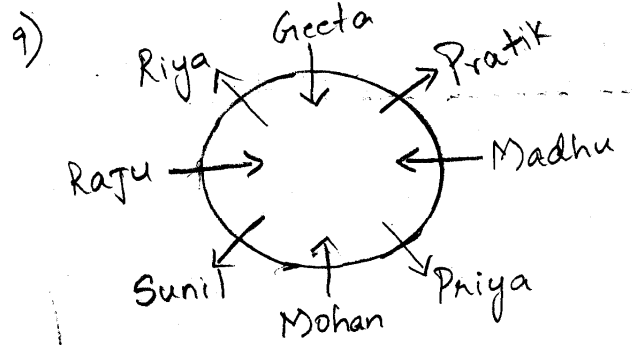


- 16) 3
- 17) 1
- 18) 2

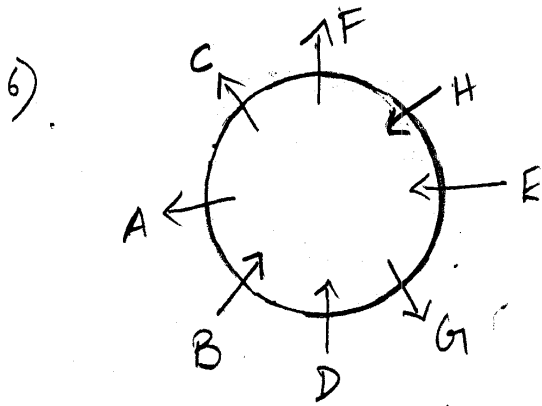


31) 5 32) 3 33) 3 34) 2 35) 3

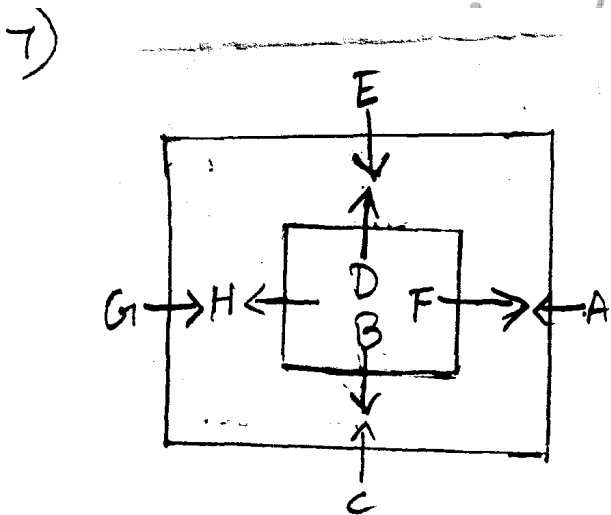
19) 3 20) 4 21) 2 22) 5 23) 1



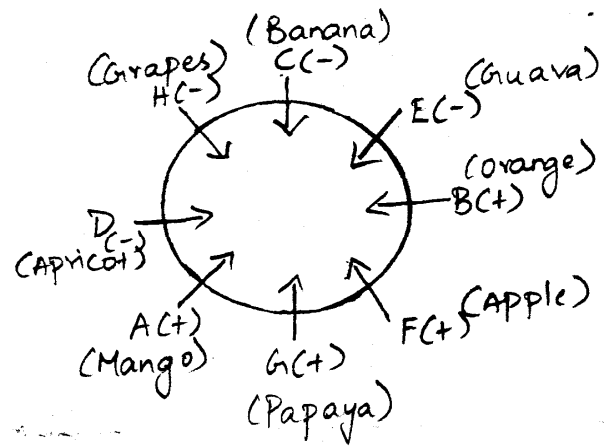
36) 2 37) 3 38) 3 39) 4 40) 2



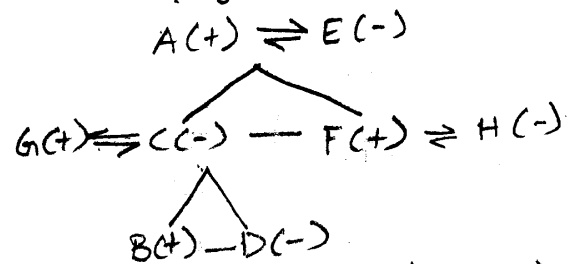
24) 2 25) 1 26) 3 27) 4 28) 5



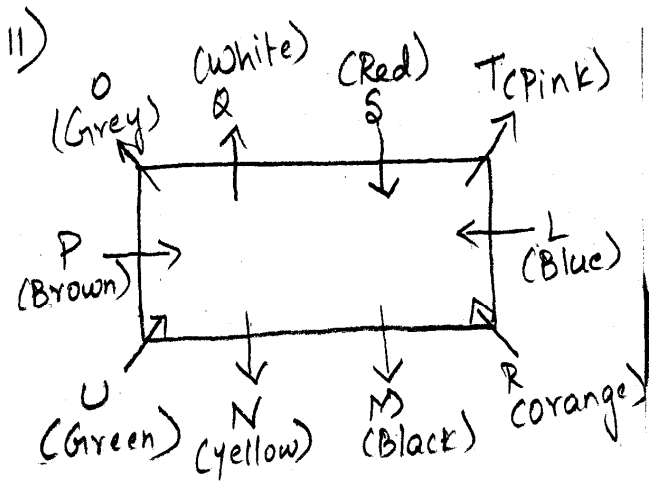
29) 4 30) 5



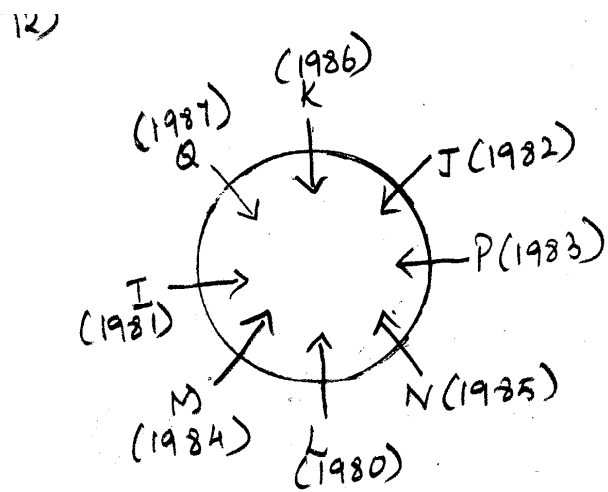
Family tree



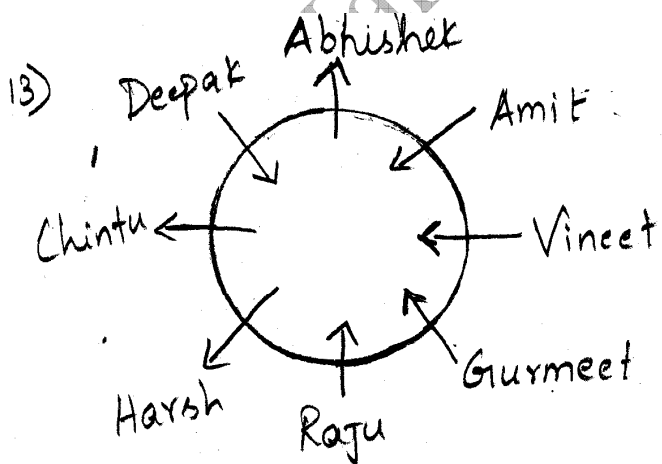
41) 3 42) 4 43) 4 44) 4 45) 1



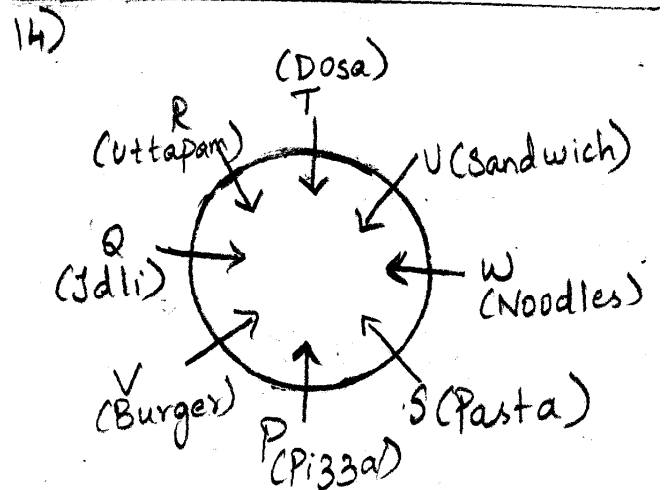
46) 3 47) 3 48) 2 49) 4 50) 3



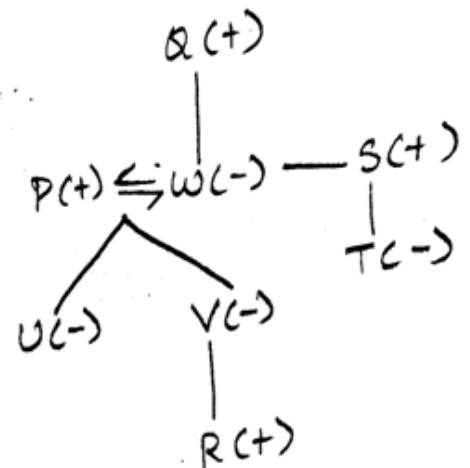
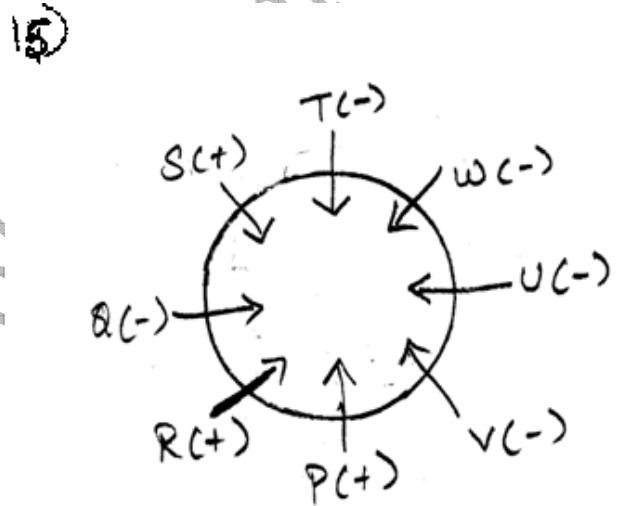
51) 2 52) 2 53) 2 54) 3 55) 2 56) 1



57) 2 58) 4 59) 2 60) 5 61) 4

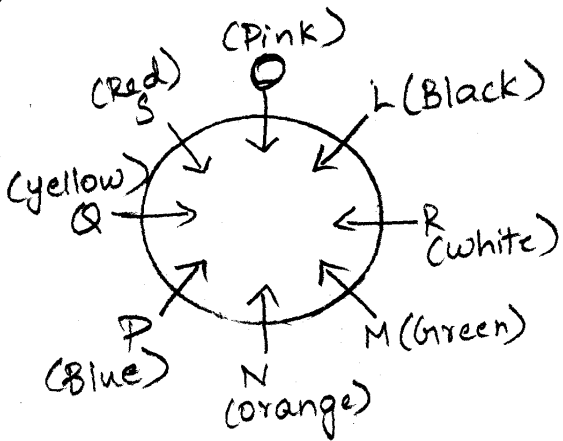


62) 3 63) 2 64) 4 65) 1 66) 4



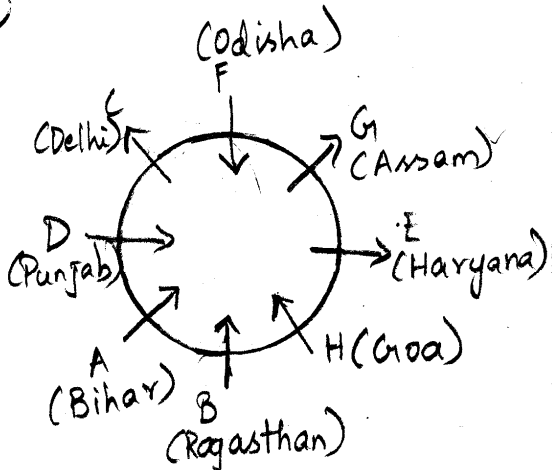
67) 4 68) 3 69) 1 70) 5 71) 5

16)

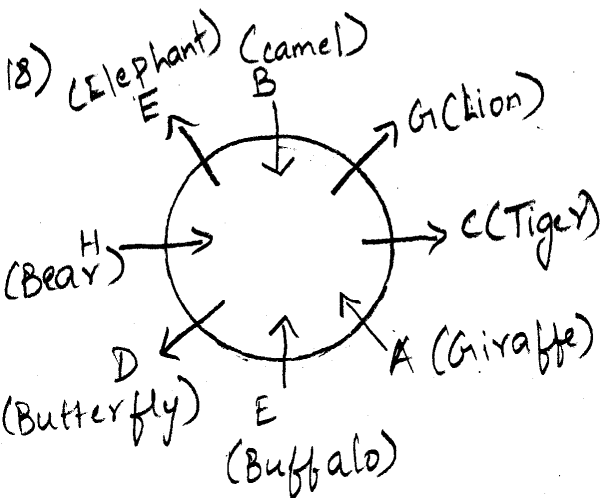


72) 2 73) 4 74) 1 75) 3 76) 4

17)

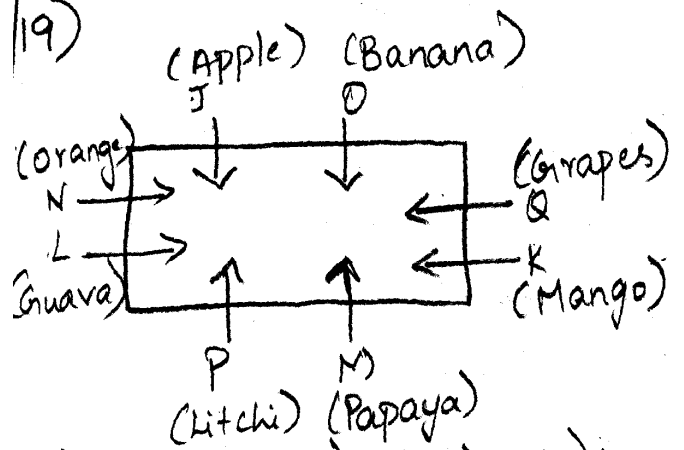


77) 3 78) 2 79) 5 80) 4 81) 2



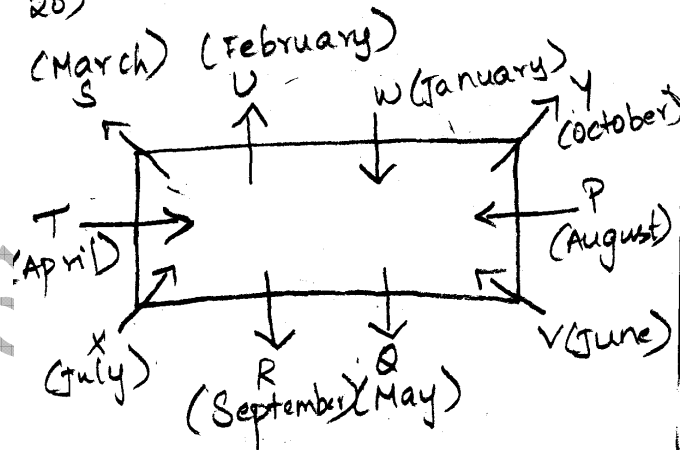
82) 1 83) 5 84) 4 85) 3 86) 3

19)



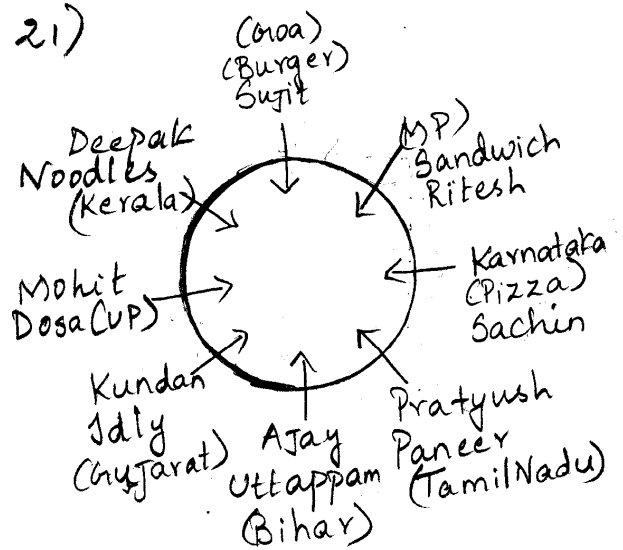
87) 3 88) 2 89) 4 90) 3 91) 4

20)

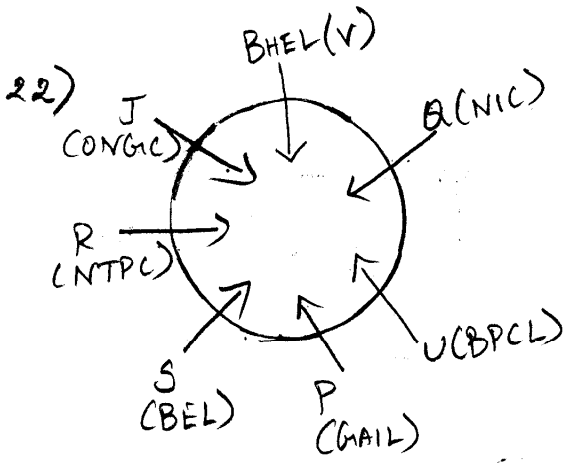


92) 3 93) 2 94) 4 95) 5 96) 5

21)



97) 4 98) 3 99) 4 100) 3 101) 2



Single table - W - IOCL - Football

Family tree

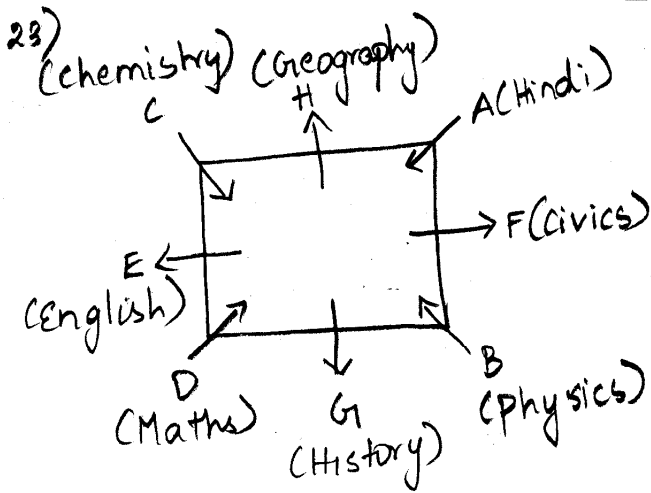
S (+) ⇒ U (-)

P (+) ⇒ Q (-) V (+) ⇒ T (-)

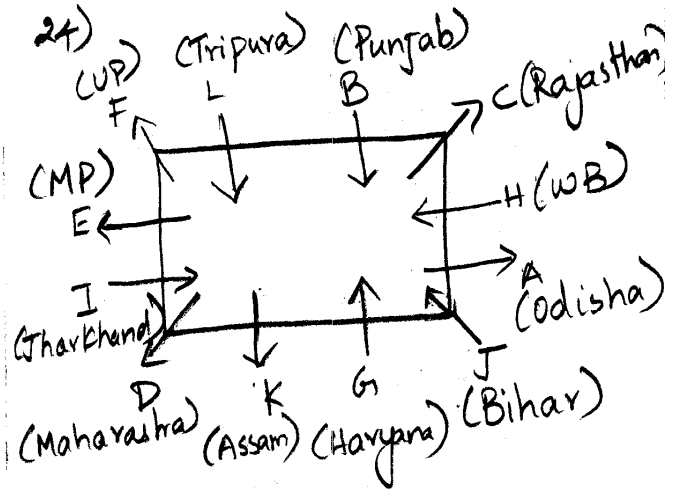
R (-)

W (+)

102) 2 103) 3 104) 5 105) 1 106) 2



107) 3 108) 2 109) 2 110) 4



111) 3 112) 4 113) 5 114) 3 115) 2

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